

Interactions with hormonal contraception

	<i>Answer</i>
1. The use of ampicillin reduces the contraceptive reliability of POP.	False
2. The enterohepatic circulation plays a large part in the effectiveness of the COC	False
3. Lamotrigine for the treatment of epilepsy requires extra contraceptive measures in COC users	False
4. The dose of combined emergency contraception should be changed when taking tetracycline	False
5. A patient taking griseofulvin should double the dose of Yuzpe emergency contraception (PC4)	False
6. Doxycycline use affects COC reliability	True
7. Break through bleeding while taking a liver enzyme inducer may indicate too low a dose of COC	True
8. Vitamin C in grapefruit juice raises the level of circulating EE	False
9. Enzyme inducers reduce the level of SHBG	False
10. A patient on long-term tetracyclines needs to use barrier protection for 7 days when starting the COC on Day 1 of the cycle	False