
This book is aimed at the layperson who wants information about contraception. It focuses on ‘pill’ methods of contraception but has an overview of other sections on religious and ethical issues and the law. The chapters that focus on the combined pill and the emergency contraceptive pill are informative, and the ‘Myths or Facts’ section helps to answer many common questions. The chapter on the law gives clear information about consent and confidentiality issues. There is a good list of organisations and websites at the back of the book including Brook, Contraception Education, the FPA, R U Thinking and Teenage Health Freak.

However the language used is complex, and many long words are used, so it would take someone with good literacy to be able to read the book. The book is text only with no illustrations or cartoons, making it less appealing to a younger audience.

There are some factual errors, the most serious of which is the sentence saying condoms are not effective if used with non-oil-based lubricants. This could clearly cause confusion and even pregnancy. An IUCD is described as meaning intrauterine coil device and it is stated that an IUCD renders the cervix unable to get a sperm. The implant’s mode of action is said to be by thickening the mucus and thinning the lining of the womb – no mention is made of it stopping ovulation. There is inaccurate information on how to start the progesterogen-only pill and it is stated that women will bleed every month with this method.

The first paragraph in the ‘Religious and Ethical Issues’ chapter lacks grammar and this chapter proceeds to declare that “it is a fact that modern British girls are more promiscuous than ever before”. This is a judgmental statement that could alienate some readers, who are presumably picking up the book in order to help themselves around the issue of smear tests.

In conclusion, this book covers some useful topics but the inaccuracies suggest that other books may be more suitable. I’m sure that there are books out there that cover the subject matter in a more reader-friendly way.

Reviewed by Emily Gwinnell, MRCOG, DFSRH Specialist in Reproductive Healthcare, Northamptonshire Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust, Kettering, UK


This book sets out with the honourable intention of providing a guide to sexually transmitted infections and their treatment. Each chapter has a section on talking to teenagers. There is advice on how alcohol impacts on decision making, information on a list of useful organisations and websites. The ‘question and answer’ format employed in the book is clear and easy to follow.

I have very serious reservations about this publication. First, it contains many factual inaccuracies, for example, errors in the description of primary syphilis and advice that OTC products for warts can be used in the genital area. The author asserts that “AIDS is ultimately fatal”, which is no longer the case. The author also recommends women being treated for chlamydia have a test of cure as “not only will this put your mind at rest but it will also let you know if your partner received treatment.” This is not necessarily true. Other problems include information that, whilst accurate, is inappropriate for this publication. For example, the author spends three paragraphs discussing vaginal surgical procedure and its structure and its management by urography and urethroplasty, which is alarmist, as there seems to be no discussion on the various histological types of penile cancer or their relationship to the genital wart. She omits to mention that the HPV subtypes causing common external genital warts are not the oncogenic subtypes. Her general readers do not need to know how a Gram stain is performed in a GUM clinic. These problems may reflect the fact that the author has no medical training.

A second criticism is the use of language by the author. Her sentences can be long and repetitive but more alarming is her use of judgmental words such as “shockingly”, “unfortunately” and “worryingly” when describing infections. The phrase “those of you who indulge in oral sex” is clearly condemnatory. She describes children being “contaminated” by HIV during pregnancy or birth. The overall tone implies that a mother and child is in danger. This extends to the cover photograph, which doesn’t appear to be in keeping with the title of the book.

I would like Journal readers to be aware of this book as some of our patients may read it. We should consider redirecting them instead to the excellent Speakeasy: Talking with Your Children About Growing Up that was reviewed in the October 2009 issue of the Journal.

Reviewed by Clare Payne, FSRH Associate Specialist in Reproductive Health Care, North Devon, UK


As someone who has had their own brush with CIN3, I am always on the lookout for good books aimed at those who want to inform and empower themselves around the issue of smear tests, positive results and cervical cancer. So I am delighted at this new addition to a currently under-resourced field.

Three adjectives describe the book: compassionate, comprehensive, cancer-focused. Let’s take these one by one.

Compassion shines through in every word of this work – unsurprisingly, for the author is Mary Lunnen, herself a cervical cancer survivor and someone who clearly knows the rollercoaster of reactions a diagnosis triggers. Thankfully, and unusually – even the current NHS call-back leaflets say nothing of not only the factual but also the emotional issues, offering both reassurance and practical suggestions.

Comprehensive? Again, Lunnen scores a perfect ten. The book guides the reader from definition through prevention, screening, treatment and beyond, also including a helpful book list, referral list and glossary. Wide-ranging too is its scope: it engages at cancer suffers; women who have had a positive smear; families, friends and partners; and also at parents of teenage daughters (and the daughters themselves) who are considering vaccination. Comprehensive indeed.

Which brings us to my third adjective – and the main reason I have sent the book back. The title of the book reflects – and the introduction, opening chapter and much of the succeeding text confirms – the book’s focus is cervical cancer. But we know from looking at the material that many women need support and safety before a cancer diagnosis; the very thought of having a smear test, let alone receiving the results, can trigger even the most resourceful woman into confusion, embarrassment and fear. The result is that many don’t go for the test, or fail to respond to call-back. And I believe that this book misses a chance here.

I am not, of course, suggesting that the work should have missed even one word of its coverage of cervical cancer. But differently titled and slightly differently focused, it could have addressed the issues of those women not suffering from cancer – even those who have never had a positive smear – but who need information and encouragement in order to engage with the system and keep so engaged. It could have presented the whole process of “prevention – test – treatment” as a vital and reassuring component of regular female health care, rather than re-emphasising the worst, yet unlikely, outcome.

In short, I love this book. But I do hope that the fullest possible target market will not be misled by the title. I have sent the book back and so fail to benefit from its superbly comprehensive and compassionate approach.

Reviewed by Susan Quilliam, BA, MNLPh
Freelance Writer, Broadcaster and Agony Aunt, Cambridge, UK


This book, like others by the same author, is very easy to read and assimilate. It covers all the topics relevant to proper pill taking in an informative yet conversational style that clients will enjoy reading. Having said that it is a pretty good reading for professionals too, and because it is in a ‘question and answer’ format the advice is much easier to remember.

The book is divided into four parts. The first part deals with choosing the pill for contraception and all the reasons why it is one of the best methods available. The second part deals with safety issues to consider before and after commencing pill taking. The third part deals with actual pill taking and common questions or difficulties that clients will have when taking it. The final section introduces the reader to progestogen-only pills, emergency hormonal contraception and the male pill.

This book is well written, concise and very useful for all clients. A practical guide with no technical errors, the content is up to date and easy to understand. It would be useful in a clinic library where it could be used to explain pill-related problems and solutions to clients in the ‘question and answer’ format that the author uses.

Reviewed by Neelima Deshpande, MRCOG, MFSRH, Specialist Grade Doctor in Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare, Heart of Birmingham Teaching Primary Care Trust, Birmingham, UK